

Third Edition

ΒΟΟΚ

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Working with 6-Digit Numbers

Unit

Vocabulary



Equal to

Regrouping

Rounding

Addend

Subtract

Minuend

Subtrahend

Add

Sum

Ascending order

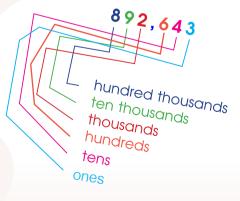
Descending order

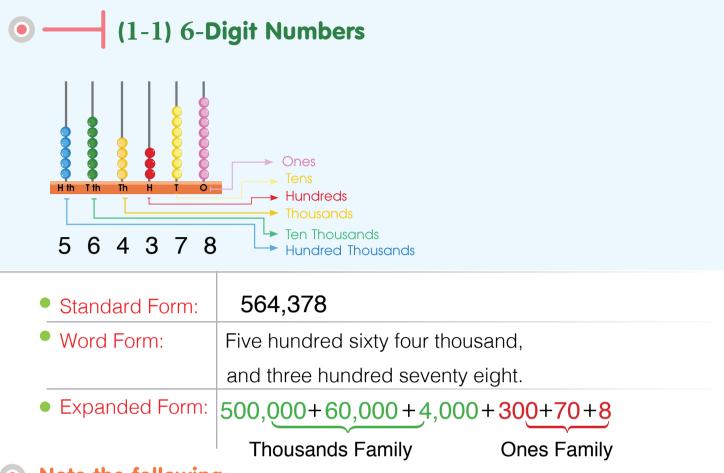
- 6-Digits
- Hundred thousands (100 thousands)
- Ten thousands (10 thousands)
- Thousands
- Thousands family
- Ones family
- Standard form
- Word form
- Expanded form
- Place value
- Greater than
- Less than

• Objectives



- Read and write numbers up to 6-digits.
- Extend 6-digit numbers into expanded form.
- Determine place and value of numbers up to 6-digits.
- Compare 6-digit numbers.
- Order numbers in an ascending and descending order.
- Round numbers to a specific place value.
- Add numbers up to 6-digits.
- Subtract numbers up to 6-digits.



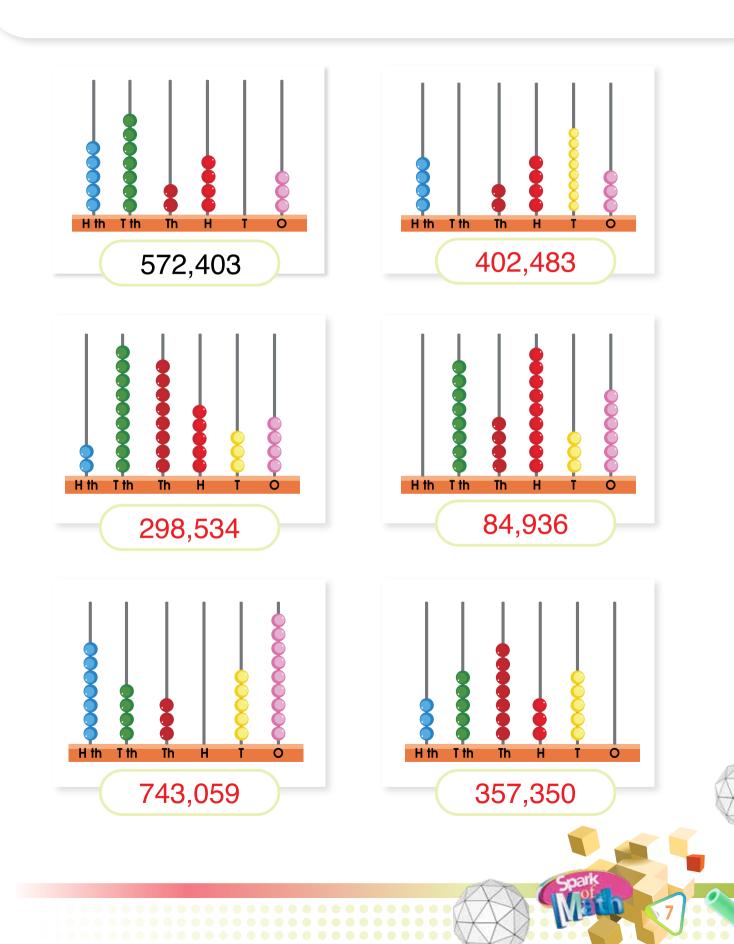


Note the following:

- Each number is called a 'digit'. The number 564,378 has 6-digits.
- Every 'Family' of numbers is divided into 3 digits by a comma.
- Each number increases ten times with each shift to the left. (Add a "0" with each move to the left).

Position 5 6 4 , 3 7 8	Value			
Ones	Ones	8	(8×1)	1
Tens	Tens	70	(7×10)	Ones
Hundreds	Hundreds	300	(3×100)	Family
Thousands	Thousands	4,000	(4×1000)	J
10- Thousands	10-Thousands	60,000	(6×10,000)	- Thousands
100- Thousands	100-Thousands	500,000	(5×100,000)	Family

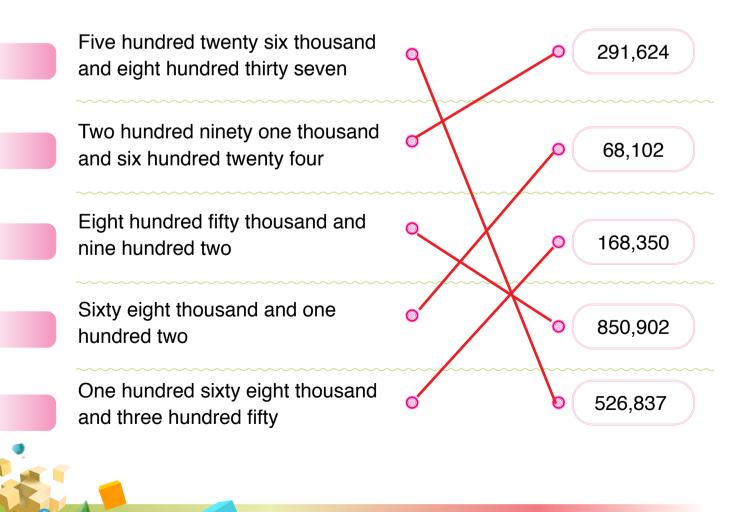
• Count the beads and write the number.



• Write the correct number in the blanks.

473,986	473 thousand, and 986	
340,642	340 thousand, and 642	
19,548	19. thousand, and548.	
761,398		

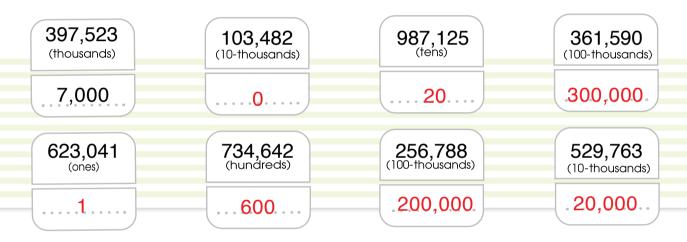
• Match the following sentences to their corresponding numbers.



• Write each number in word form.

763,268	Seven hundred sixty three thousand, and two hundred sixty eight.
19,305	Nineteen thousand and three hundred five
284,000	Two hundred eighty four thousand
738	Seven hundred thirty eight

• Write the value of the digit in the place named.



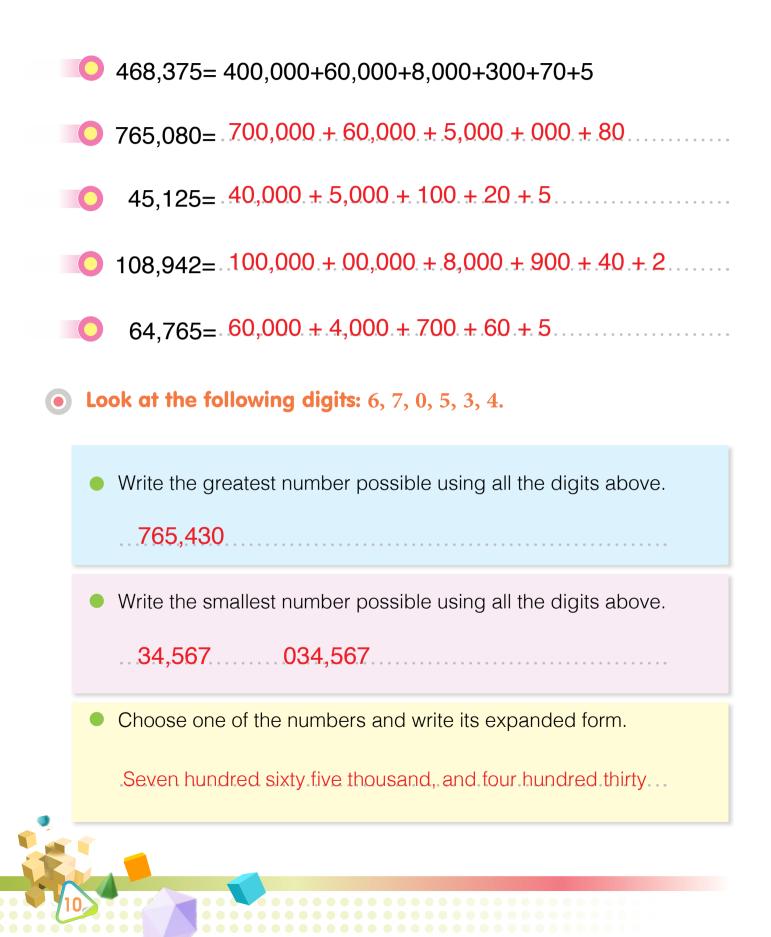
• Find the correct answers.

Oircle the number that has a 4 in the10-thousands place.

578,879	643,201	982,884	986,109	
Circle the num	ber that has a 6	in the tens pla	.ce.	
197,356	961,798	646,646	723,463	_
Circle the num	ber with a 2 in t	he 100-thousar	nds place.	
273,109	763,281	874,139	342,558	
The value of th	ne number 7 in 1	137,942 is		
700,000	7,000	700 70,0	00	
			Spark	
			A Met	9

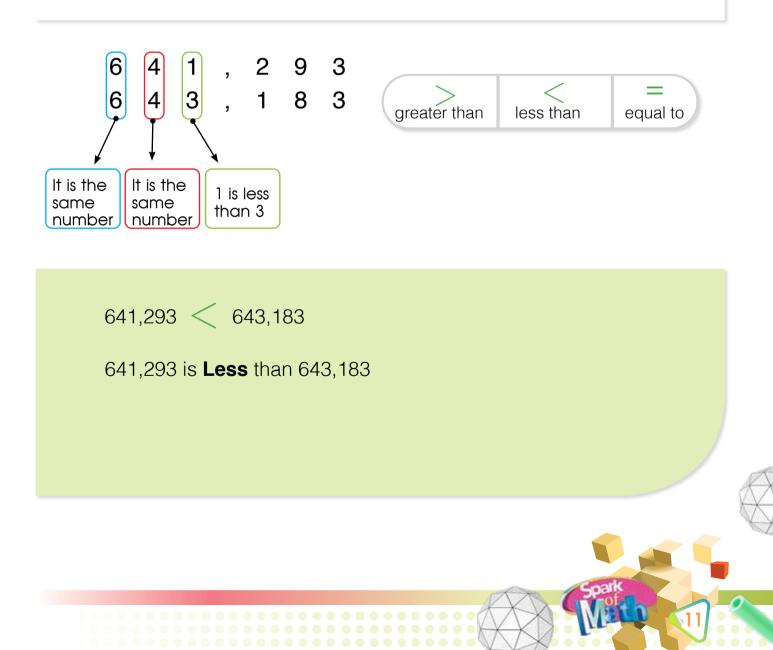
.

• Write each number in expanded form.

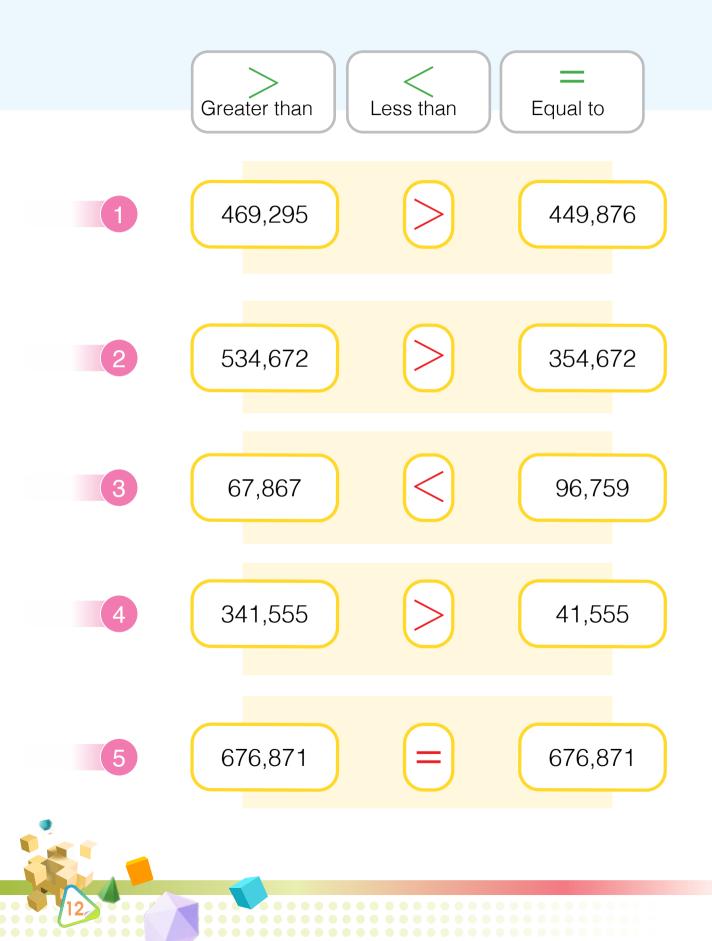


• (1-2) Comparing Numbers

- To Compare the numbers 641,293 and 643,183, line up the numbers according to their place value, then start comparing them from the left.
- In this case, the 100-thousands and 10-thousands digits are the same. Therefore, look at the thousands place. Since 1 thousand is smaller than 3 thousand, 641,293 is less than 643,183



• Compare each pair of numbers. Use these symbols:



Ordering numbers in ascending and descending order.



• Look at the following numbers. Analyze, compare and answer the following questions.



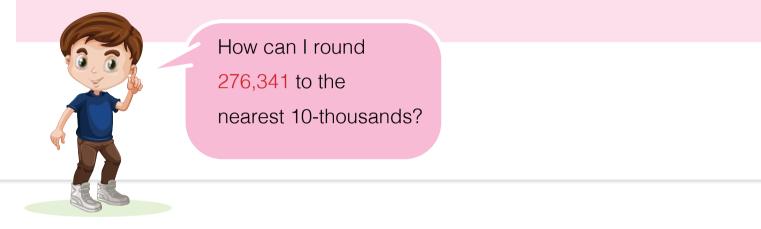
<u>7</u>89,136 <u>700,000</u> 24<u>7</u>,624 <u>7,000</u>

63,48<u>7</u> **7** 456,8<u>7</u>2 **7**0

(1-3) Rounding Numbers

We round numbers up to estimate the closest number of a possible answer.

Example: how many students are there in your school? You may not know the exact number of students, but you can estimate a close answer.

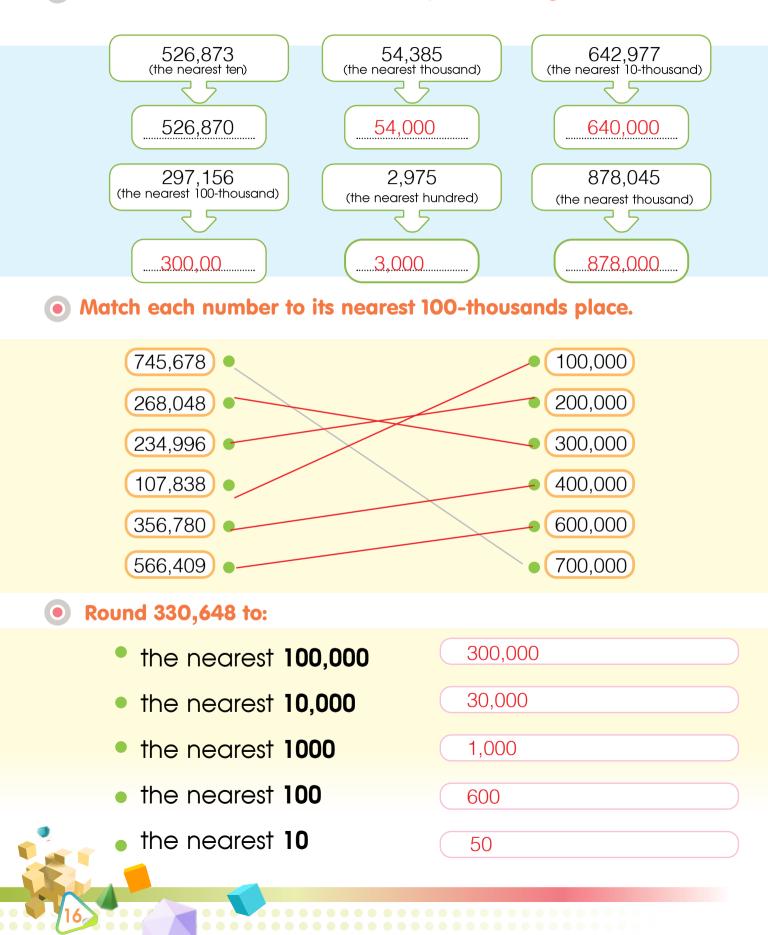


- Step 1: find the place that I am rounding to.
- **Step 2:** look at the digit to the right of this place.
- Step 3: if the digit is less than 5, leave the digit in the rounding place as it is. If the digit is 5 or greater add 1 to the digit in the rounding place.
- Step 4: change the digits to the right of the rounding place to zeros.



Round the numbers to the underlined place value. 6,302 6,000 \bigcirc \bigcirc 1,018 1,000 \bigcirc 22,356 22,400 \bigcirc 537,924 540,000 400,400 0.000 \bigcirc

Round the numbers to the nearest place value given.



Raneem is investigating the 5 longest rivers in the world.
 She searched on Wikipedia and made the following list.

	<u>Length</u>	
— Amazon River	6,992 km	
— Nile River	6,853 km	
— Yangtze River	6,300 km	
— Mississippi River	6,275 km	
— Yenissei River	5,539 km	

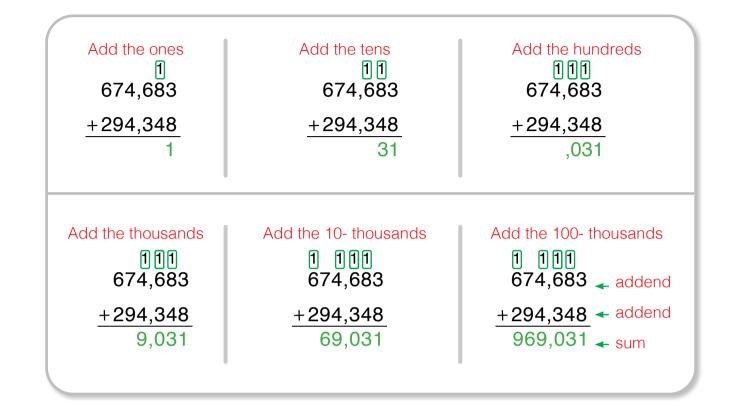
Raneem wants to simplify the list without changing the order of the list, what should she do?

Round to the nearest hundreds

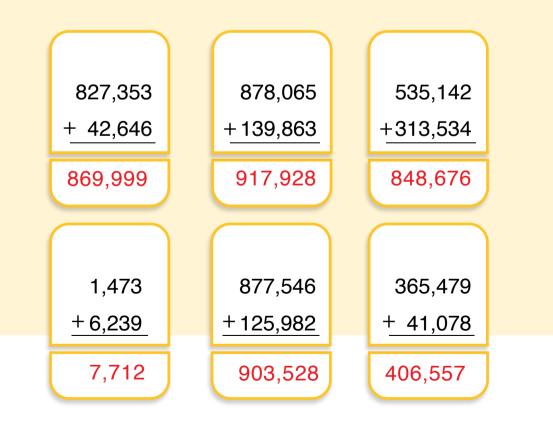
Round to the nearest thousands

6,900	7,000
6,300	6,000

(1-4) Addition of 6-Digit Numbers



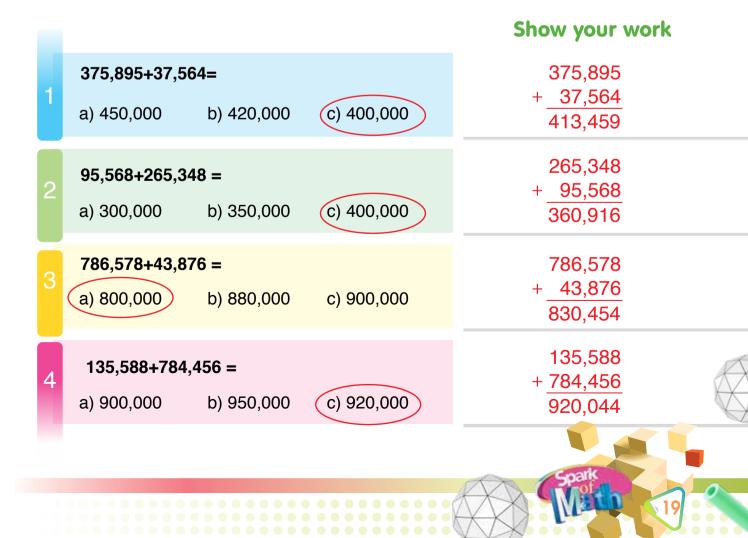
• Add.



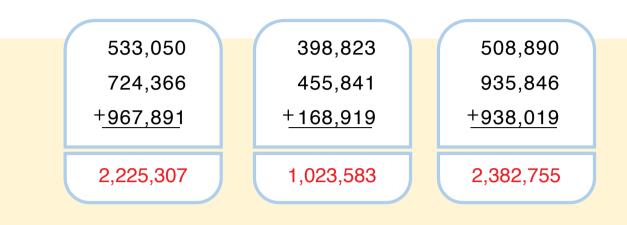
• Add.



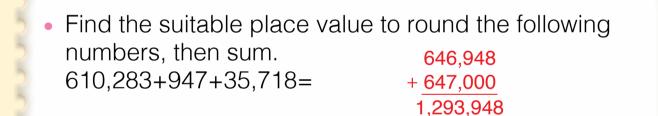
• Add and circle the answer that is closer to your sum.









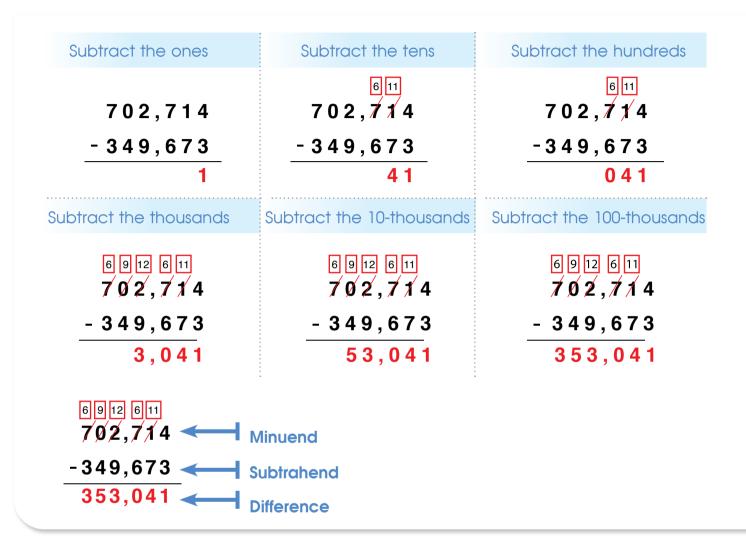


• Find two 6-digit numbers that when adding them together the total sum is 487,210.

200,000

287,210

• (1-5) Subtraction of 6-Digit Numbers

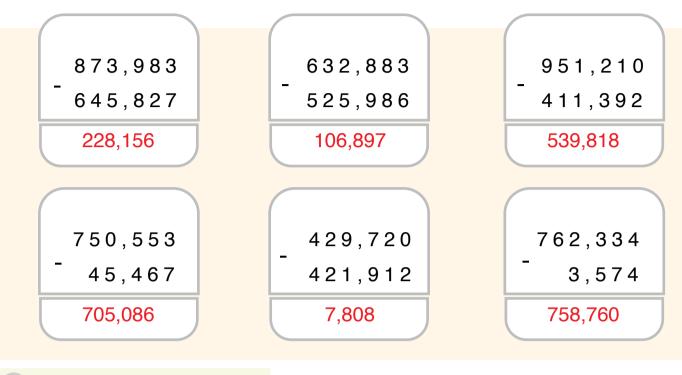


Note that 34-20= 14, and 20+14= 34

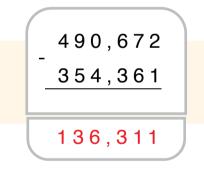
so to check your answer:



• Subtract.



• Subtract, then check.



• Subtract.

783,587-488,873= 294,714

363,742-98,134= 265,608

• Find the sum or the difference.



• What two numbers have the difference of 112,346?

	886,512 - 774,166	998,858 - 886,512	
	112,346	112,346	2
			5
)			5
J			

• (1-6) Problem Solving



Al Bireh is a recycling center where people can take plastic, glass, and paper to be recycled. Look at the table below and find out how many
kilograms is the total of all materials together that Al Bireh was able to collect at the end of the year.

Material	Kilograms to be recycled	
Plastic	78,975	
Glass	187,951	
Paper	56,162	
Total	? 323,088	



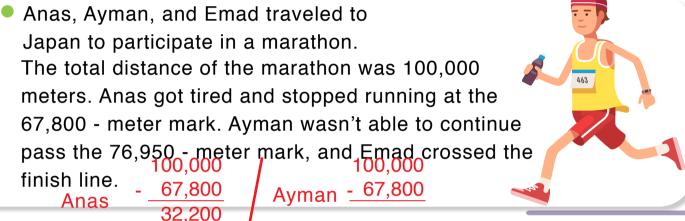
Mariam has a bank account with a total of 36,086 JOD. She withdrew 15,347 JOD to pay for a new car. How much money does she have now in her bank account?

36,086 - <u>15,347</u> 20,739 jds



 A school has 11,478 students. If there are 1,259 students in the fourth grade, approximately how many students are in the other grades? 11,478

- <u>1,259</u> 10,219



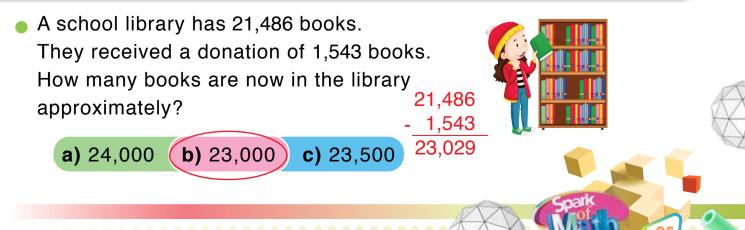
Who was closer to the finish line, Anas or Ayman?

Ayman



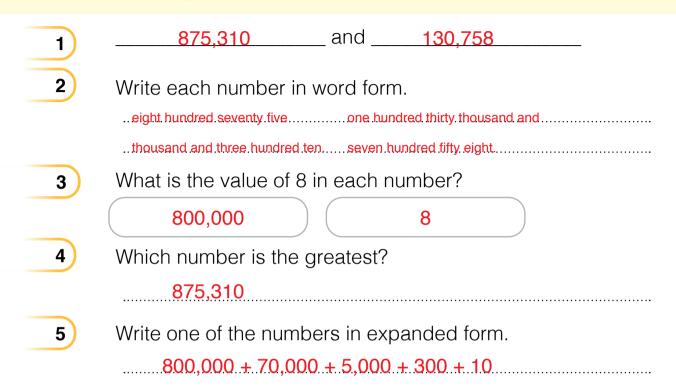
Samir wants to buy a new car and has a budget of 23,200 JOD? He likes two cars, one white that costs 23,187 JOD and one blue for 23,987 JOD. Which car will Samir buy?

Why do you think he chose that 23,200car over the other one? $-\frac{23,187}{13}$ $-\frac{23,987}{787}$ The white car because it fits the budget



Show Your Turn -

• Form two 6-digit numbers without repeating digits in each one using (0, 8, 1, 7, 3, 5).



• Round out the numbers in the table below.

Number	Round to the nearest thousands	Round to the nearest hundreds
743,832	744,000	743,800
308,176	308,000	308,200
839,850	840,000	839,900

Write the value of the underlined number.

6 <u>5</u> 1,683 = _	650,000	<u>3</u> 64,477 = <u>400,000</u>
310, <u>9</u> 72 = _	311,000	431,5 <u>4</u> 3 = <u>431,540</u>



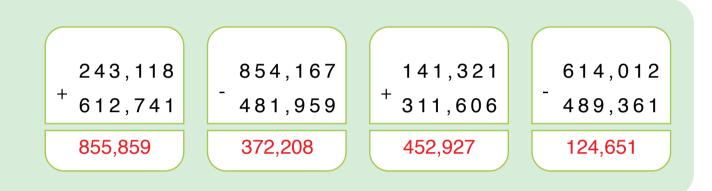
• Write in expanded form.

789,344= 700,000 + 80,000 + 9,000 + 300 + 40 + 4

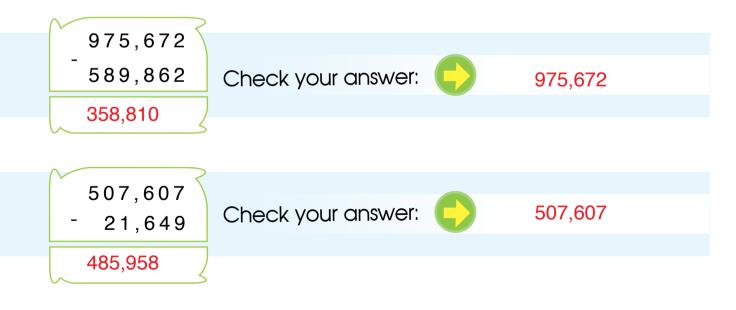
98,665= 90,000 + 8,000 + 600 + 60 + 5

654,909= 600,000 + 50,000 + 4,000 + 900 + 00 + 9

Add or subtract the following numbers.



• Subtract, then check your answers.



• Find the mistakes then correct them.



Unit 2

Multiplication and Division



• Vocabulary

- Multiplication
- Repeated addition
- Factor
- Product
- Factor Tree
- Multiple of a number
- Division
- Dividend
- Divisor
- Quotient
- Remainder



• Objectives

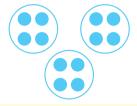
- Multiply numbers of 3-digits by 1-digit using different methods.
- Solve multiplication and division problems in given contexts.
- Identify multiples and factors.
- Use patterns to multiply digits that are multiples of 10.
- Divide numbers of 3-digits by 1-digit.

• (2-1) Multiplication

3×4= 4+4+4= 12

6 (Factor) Find the 6-row

(3 times 4)



(3 groups of 4)

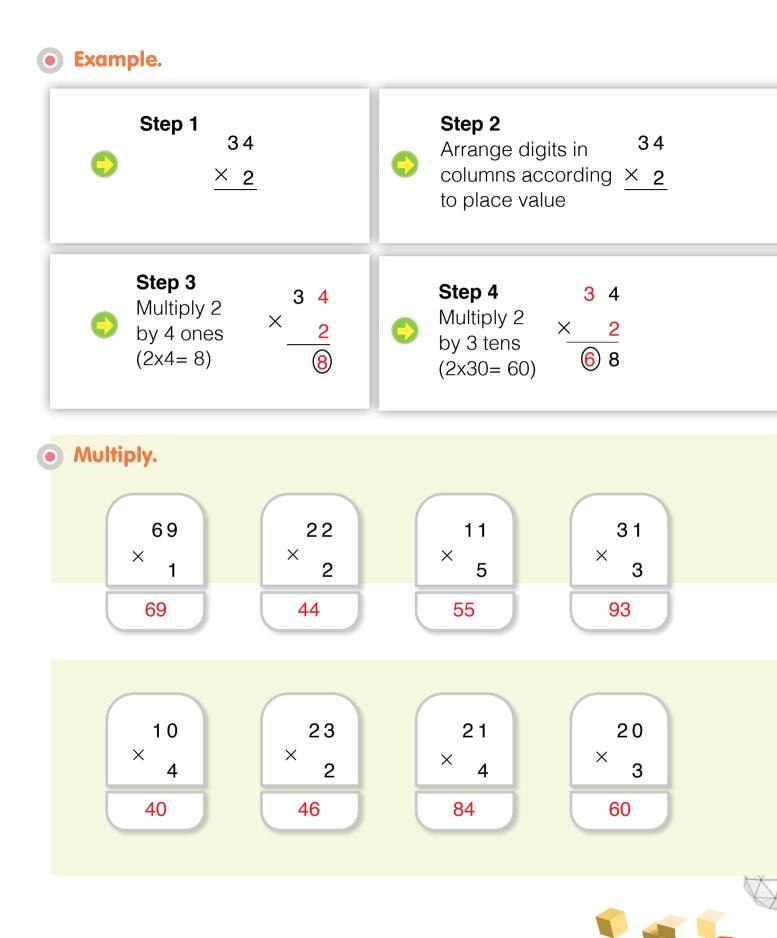
		·
<u>×7</u>	(Factor)	Find the 7-column
42	(Product)	The product is where the 6-row and the 7-column meet.

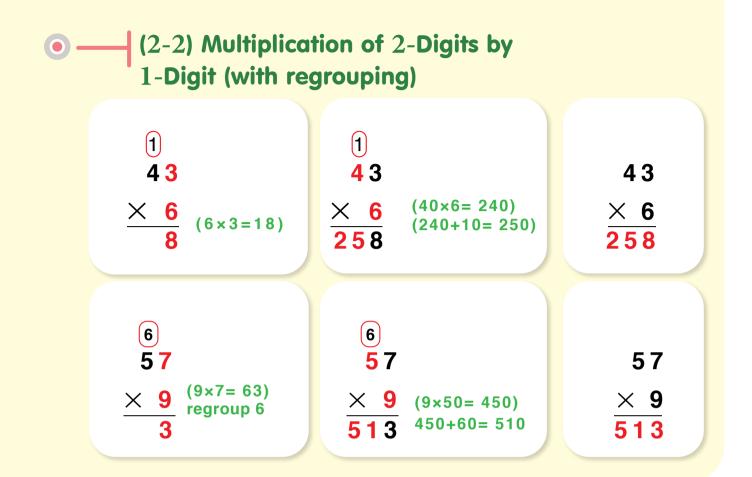
Multiplication is repeated addition.

Х	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
3	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30
4	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40
5	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
6	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60
7	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70
8	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80
9	9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90
10	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100

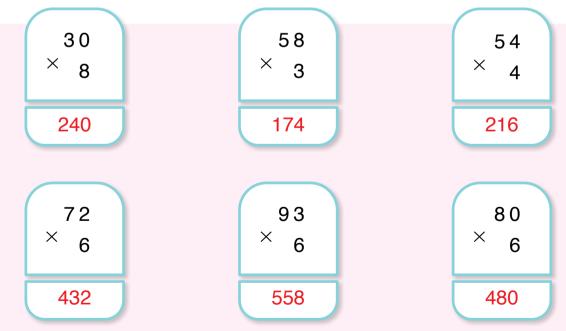
• Find the patterns.

8> 8>	8×1= 8 8×10= 80 8×100= 800 8×1,000= 8,000			i do you 3 x 20?			
Multipl	y.						
4 <u>× 6</u> 24	9 <u>× 3</u> 27	6 <u>× 6</u> <u>36</u>	7 <u>× 5</u> <u>35</u>	10 <u>× 2</u> 20	30 <u>× 3</u> 90	200 <u>× 4</u> 800	



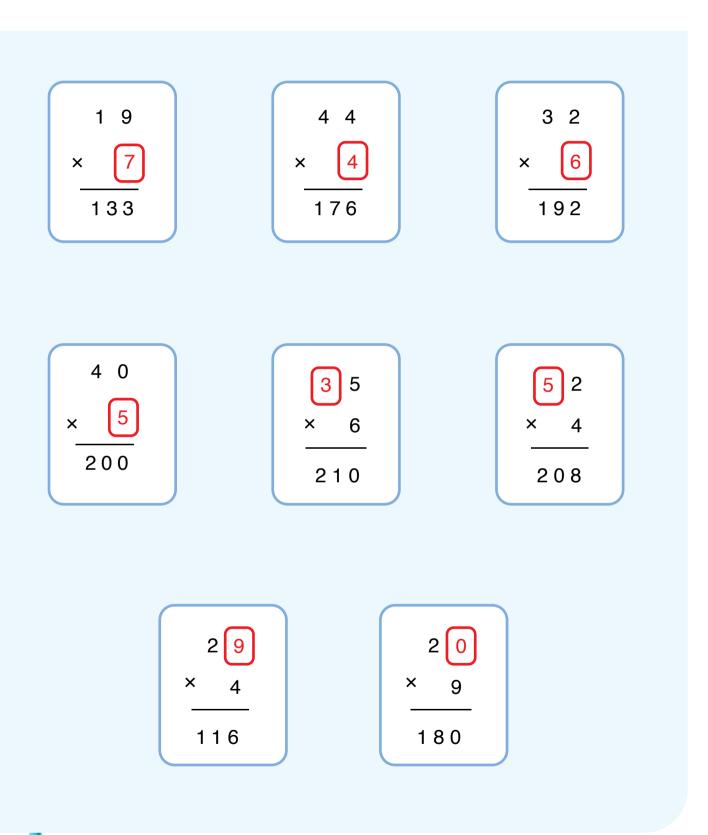


• Find the product.





• Find the missing numbers.



• (2-3) Multiplication of 2-Digits by 2-Digits

1 First, multiply 3x54 5 4 (3×4=12) regroup (3×5=15 tens)(15+1 × 2 3 5 4 so, 3×54=162 1 6 2	1 =16 ten)	1 Then, multiply 20x54, and put the result underneath 54 put the result underneath ×23 162. so, 20×54=1080 1080 1080			
Finally, add the partial pr	roducts		$ 1 54 \times 23 162 + 1080 1242 $		
Multiply.					
43 <u>×21</u> 43 <u>+ 860</u> 903	4 1 <u>× 3 3</u> 123 <u>+1230</u> 1,353		89 ×54 356 +4450 4,806		
73 <u>×40</u> 00 <u>+ 2920</u> 2,920	79 <u>×81</u> <u>79</u> <u>+6,320</u> <u>6,399</u>		86 × 62 172 + 5160 5,332		
			Spark		

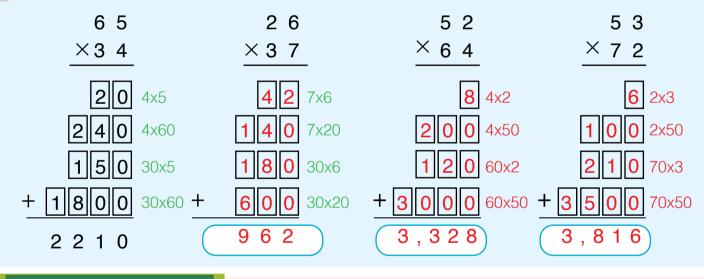
• Partial Product method.

Find $\begin{array}{c} 4 & 1 \\ \times 2 & 3 \end{array}$

- Step 1: multiply one digit at a time to get the product.
- Step 2: list all the partial products.
- Step 3: add them all together.

41					
<u>×23</u>					
3 120	3×1= 3 3×40= 120	Multiply by ones			
20 800	20×1= 20 20×40= 800	Multiply by tens			
943	Add the partial products to get the answer				





Your Work

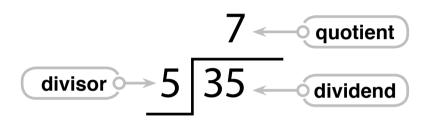
......

O Choose one of the numbers below and multiply.

	657×98 =	537×35 =	245×29 =	943×48 =
	64,386	18,795	7,105	45,264
38				

Division is the opposite of multiplication.

- since 3×6= 18 then 18÷3= 6
- since 4×7= 28 then 28÷4= 7



Using the multiplication table, find the number 35 in the -5row, the quotient is the number at the beginning of the column.

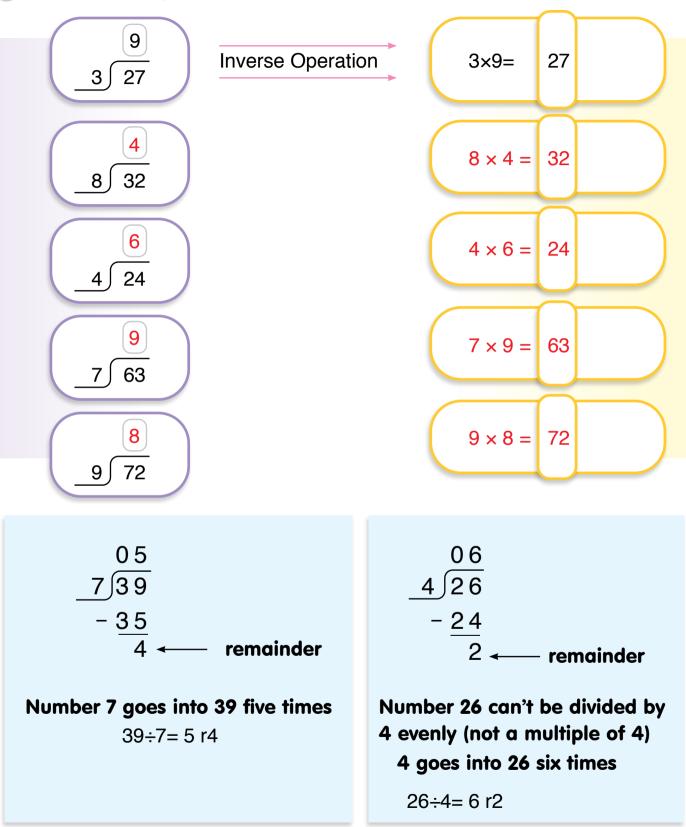
- and $18 \div 6 = 3$
- and 28÷7= 4

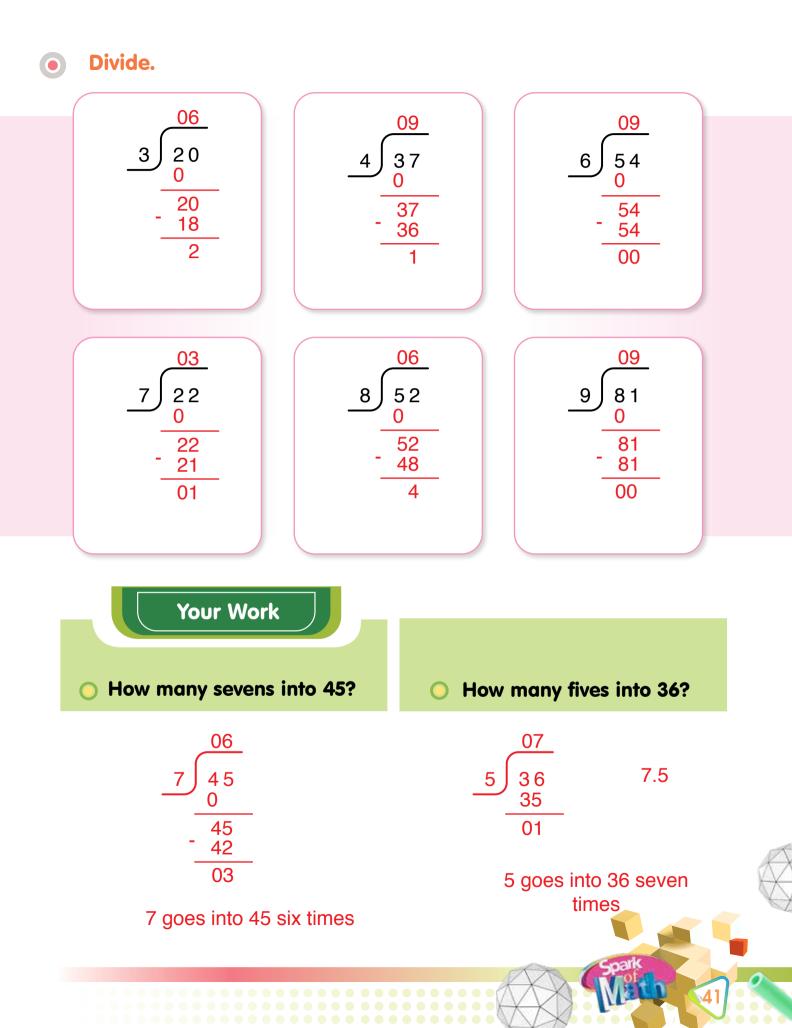
X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
2	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18
3	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27
4	0	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36
5	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45
6	0	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54
7	0	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63
8	0	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72
9	0	9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81

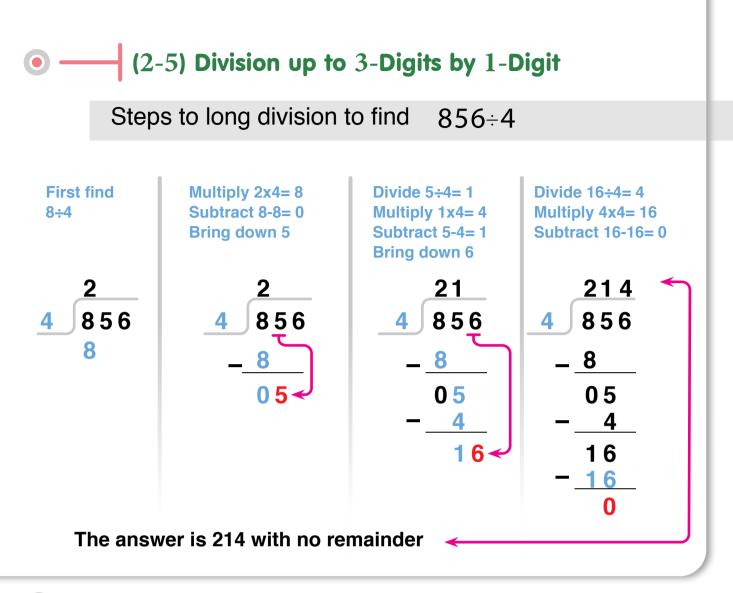
• Find the missing numbers.

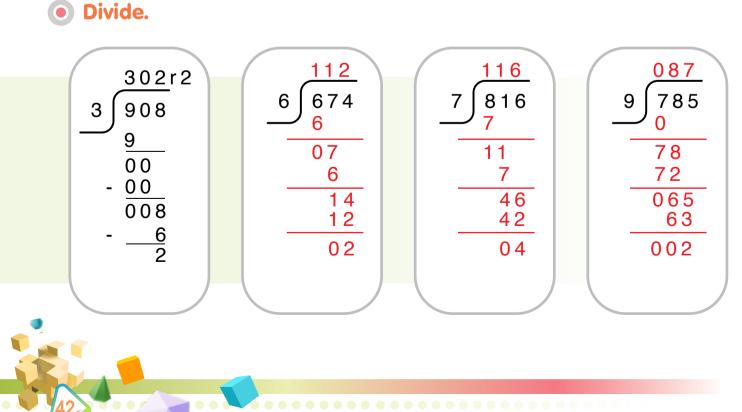
$$3 \times 6 = 18$$
 , $6 \times 3 = 18$, $18 \div 3 = 6$, $18 \div 6 = 3$
 $7 \times 6 = 42$, $6 \times 7 = 42$, $42 \div 7 = 6$, $42 \div 6 = 7$
 $5 \times 9 = 45$, $9 \times 5 = 45$, $45 \div 5 = 9$, $45 \div 9 = 5$

• Use the multiplication table to find the answer.



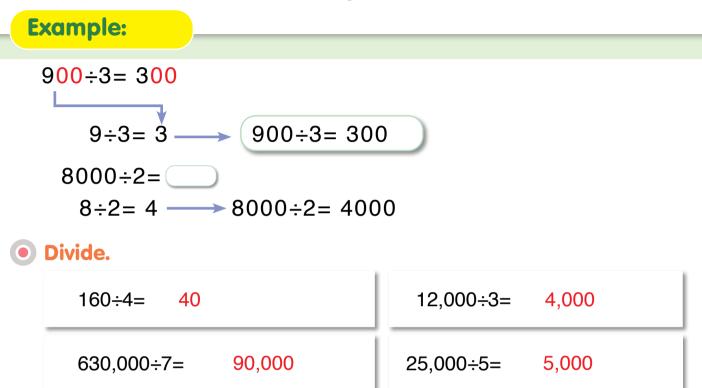






• Division with zeros pattern.

When there are zeros at the right of the dividend, you can simply divide the non-zero digits and then add the zeros.



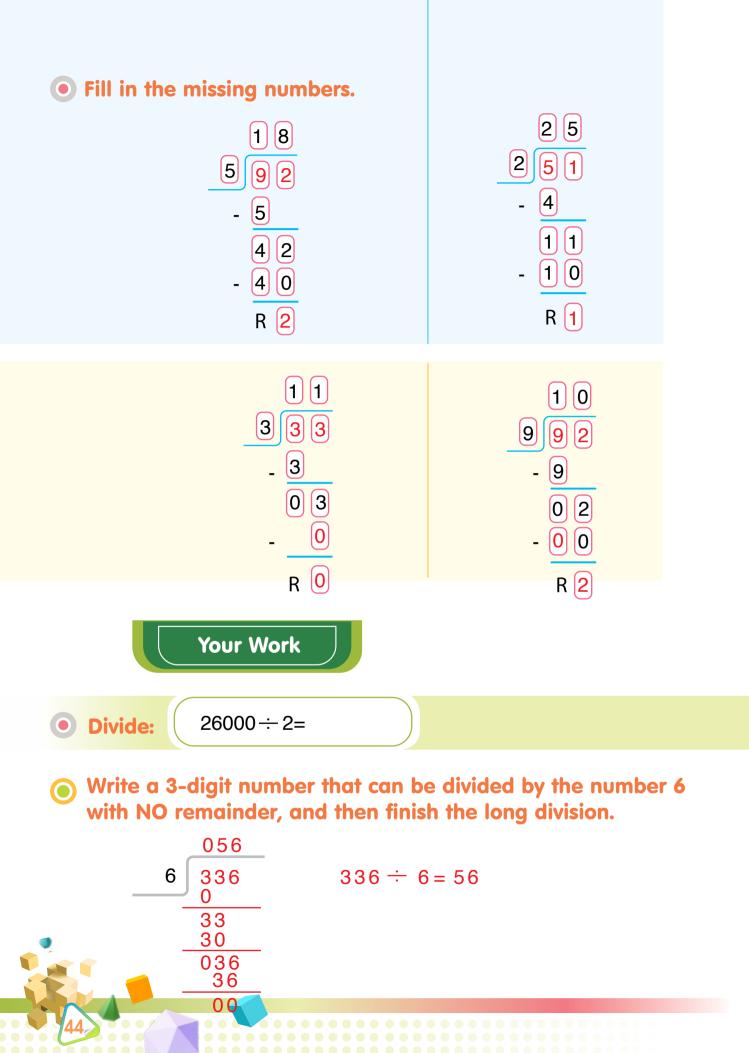
Challenge: Can you find the pattern?

○ 100÷5= 20

● 1,000÷50= 100 ÷ 50= 2 20

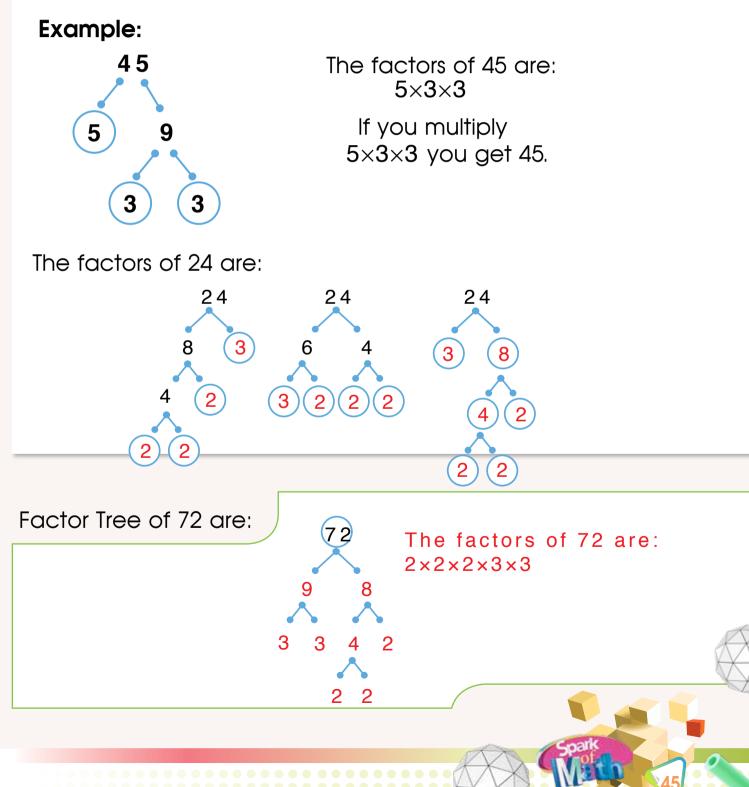
○ 100,000÷5,000= 1,0000÷5,000= 2 / 20

The pattern is that you can take a way the zeroes if they are at the end of the divisors and diviclend.



• (2-6) Understanding Factors and Multiples

Factors are numbers that you can multiply to get a product. We can visually represent them in a diagram called a Factor Tree.

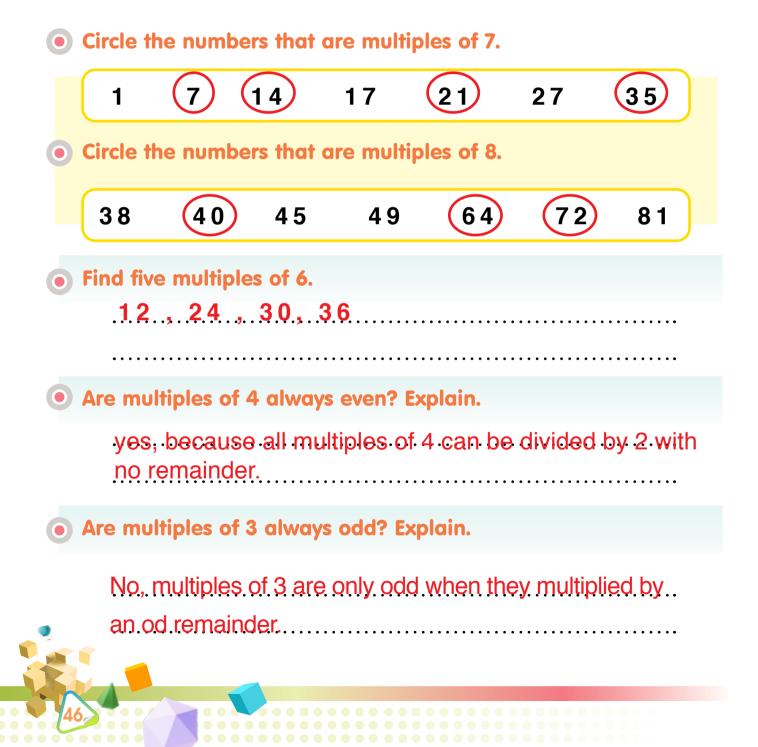


The multiple of a number is the product from multiplying a number with a whole number.

Therefore, the multiple of a number is a skip counting number. To find the first five multiples of 7:

1×7= 7 2×7= 14 3×7= 21 4×7= 28 5×7= 35

The first five multiples of 7 are: 7, 14, 21, 28, 35



(2-7) Problem Solving

Joud has 23 apples in a basket. Aya has 3 times more apples than Joud. How many apples does Aya have?

$23 \times 3 = 69$

1

2

3

Zein planted 20 rows of cabbage in her yard. In each row there are 12 plants. How many cabbage plants did she plant?

 $20 \times 12 = 240$

Ruba bought 126 handbags to be sold at her stores. She owns 3 stores. How many bags will each store get?

 $126 \div 3 = 42$

Omar wants to pack 63 books in 9 boxes. How many books should he put inside each box so that each one has the same amount of books?

$63 \div 9 = 7$



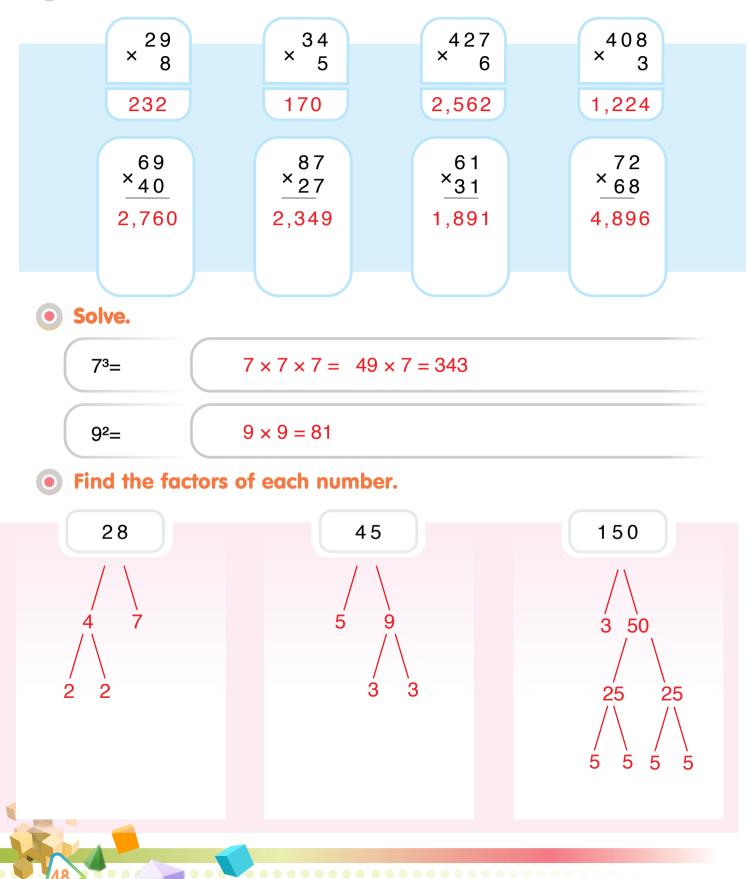


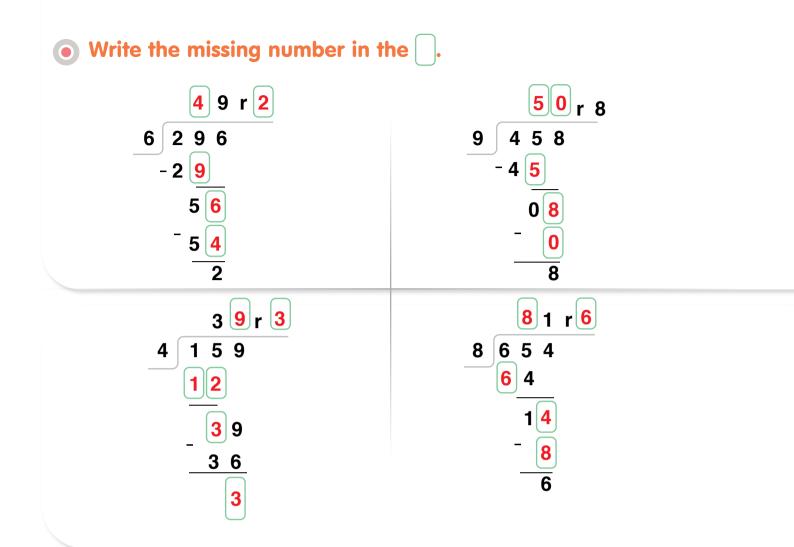




$^{(}$ Show Your Turn $^{()}$

Multiply.





19

• Sammy earns 540 JOD each month. How much money will he have in 6 months?

 $540 \times 6 = 3,240$



Fractions

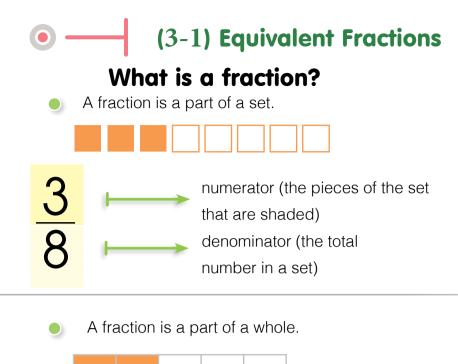
• Vocabulary

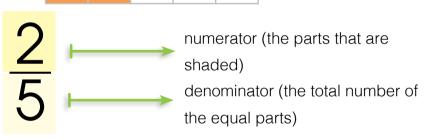
- Fractions
- Numerator
- Denominator
- Equivalent fractions
- Simple fraction
- Simplest form
- Reciprocal
- Inversion

Objectives

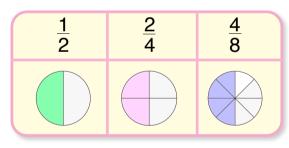


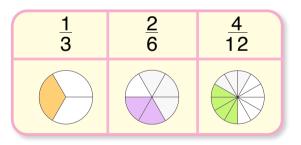
- Identify the numerator and denominator of a fraction.
- Represent a fraction as part of a whole or part of a set.
- Identify simple and compound fractions.
- Determine whether two fractions are equivalent.
- Compare fractions.





Equivalent fractions means that the fractions are equal in value.



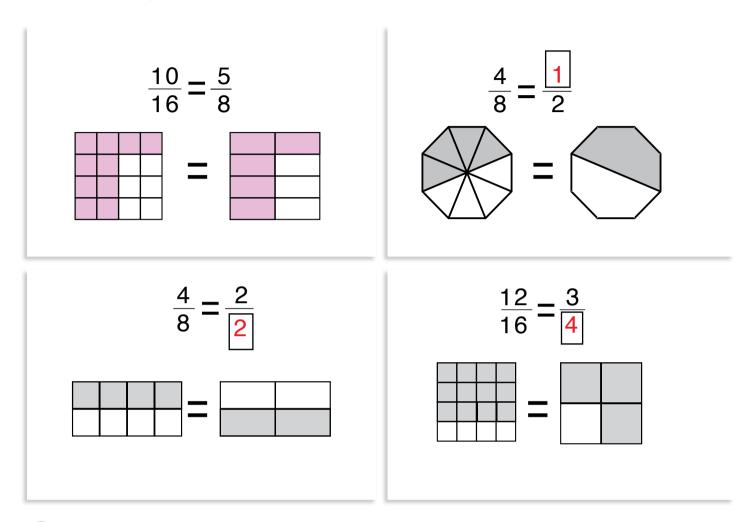


To find the equivalent fractions:

We say $\frac{1}{2}$ is in its simplest form

We say $\frac{1}{3}$ is in its simplest form

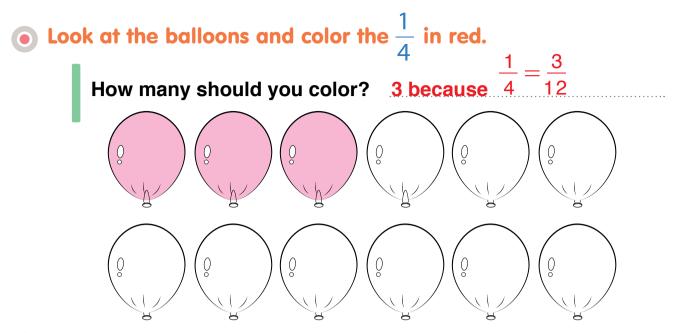
• Find the equivalent fraction and shade the graph accordingly.



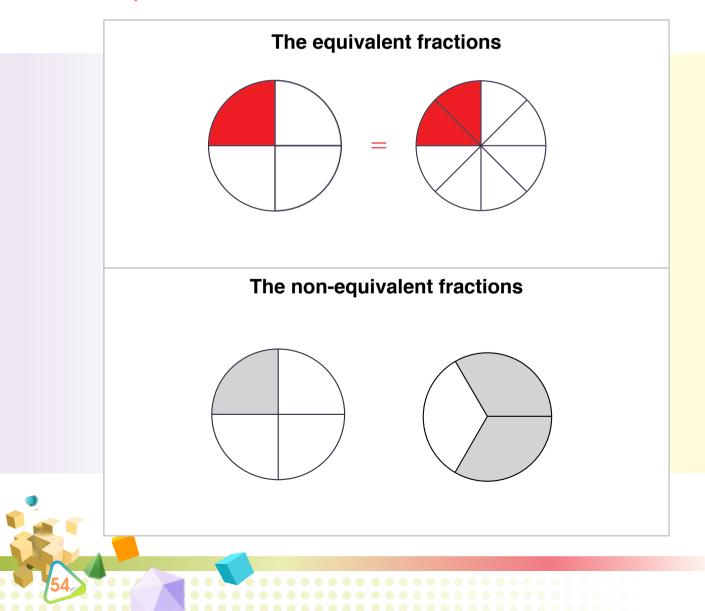
• Find the equivalent fractions.

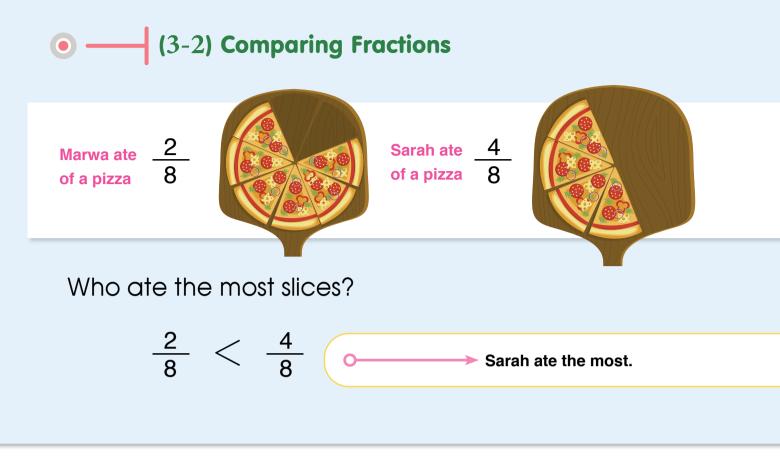
$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{6} \\ \frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{8} \\ \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{6} \\ \frac{9}{12} = \frac{3}{4} \\ 12 = \frac{5}{6} \\ \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2} \end{array}$$

53



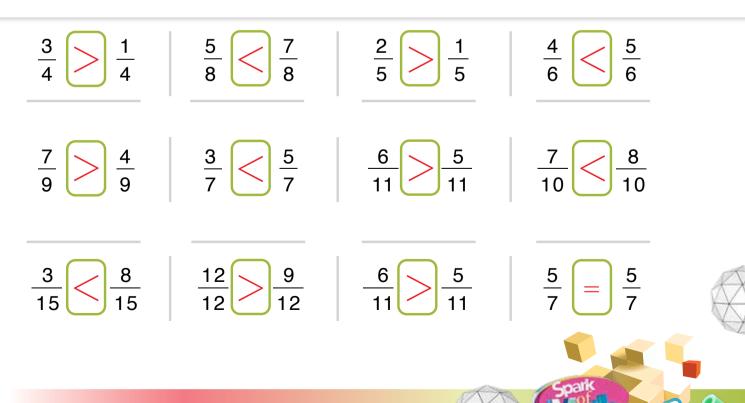
Draw a model of two equivalent fractions, and another for two non-equivalent fractions.



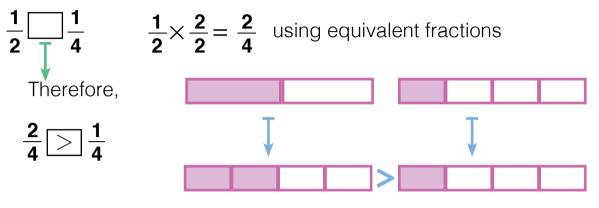


To compare fractions with like denominators, just look at the numerators.

• Compare using (<, >, =).

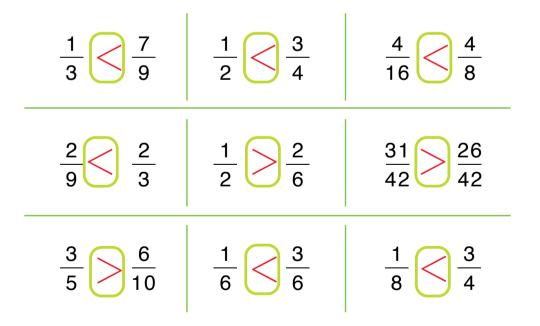


Comparing fractions with different denominators.



To compare fractions with different denominators you must use the equivalent fraction to get like denominators.

• Compare the fractions using >, < or =.



• Arrange $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{6}$ in ascending order.

You need to find the equivalent fractions. Place these fractions in ascending order:

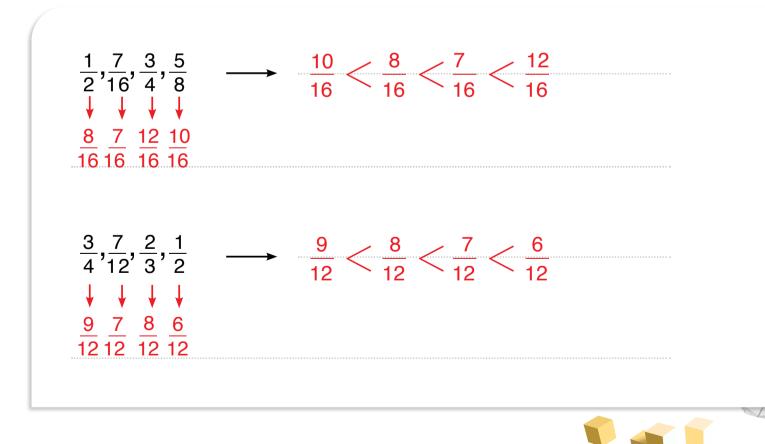
$$\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{6}$$

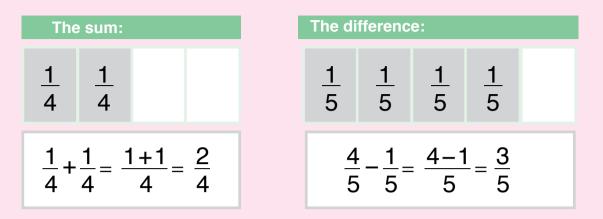
$$\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{6}, \frac{5}{6}$$
Since $\frac{2}{6} < \frac{3}{6} < \frac{5}{6}$, then the ascending order is $\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}$.

Arrange in descending order.

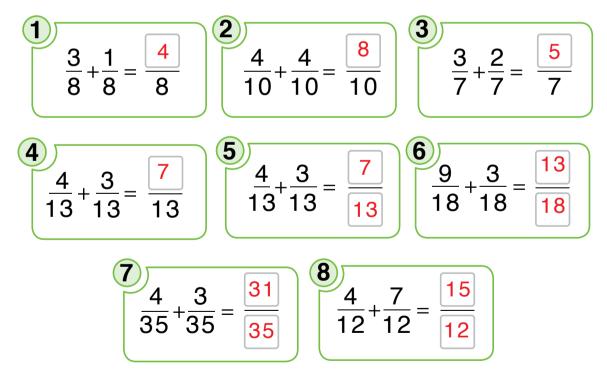


(3-3) Adding and Subtracting Fractions

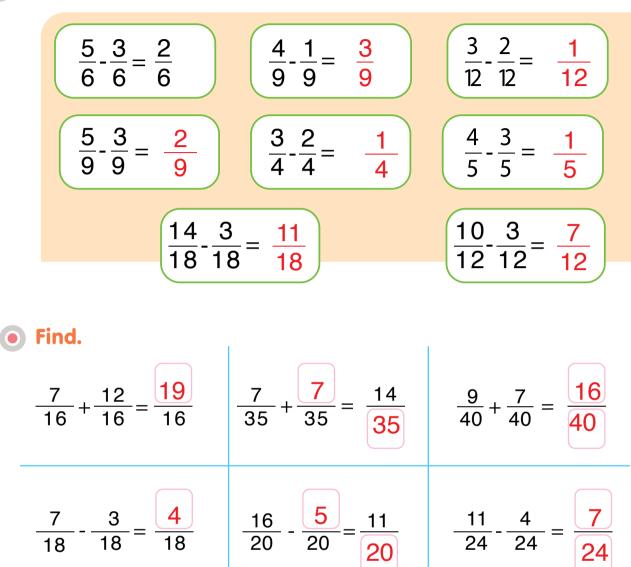


To add or subtract fractions with the SAME denominator, just add up the numerators, and the denominators will stay the same.

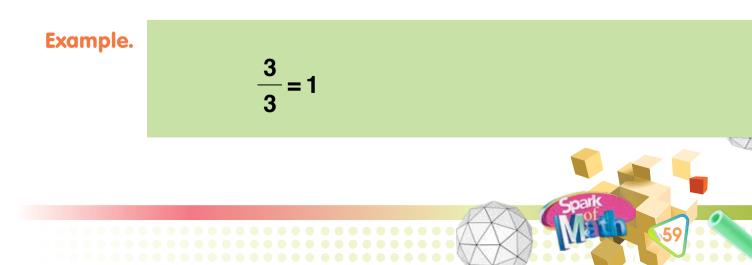
Add the following fractions.



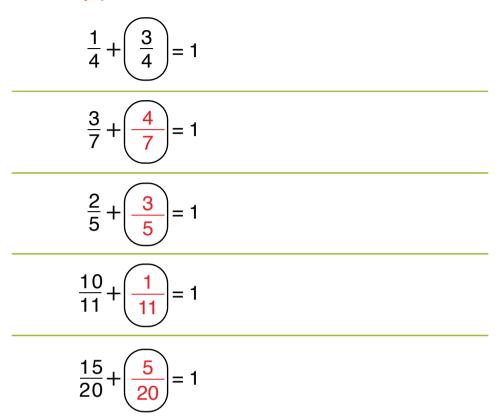
Subtract the following fractions.



When the numerator and the denominator of a fraction are equal, the fraction's value is always 1.



• Look at the fractions below and find out how many parts are needed to have 1.

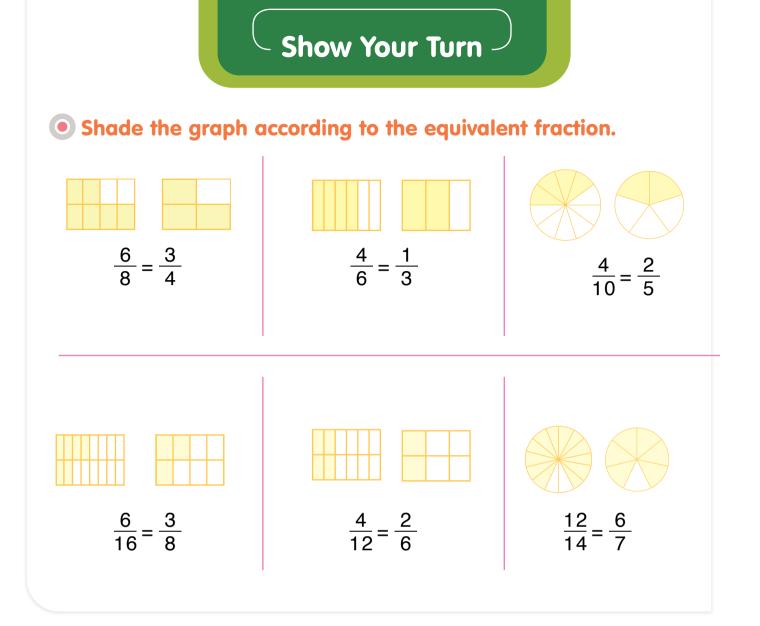


• Draw your model to show the resulting fraction.

$$\frac{8}{10} + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{9}{10}$$

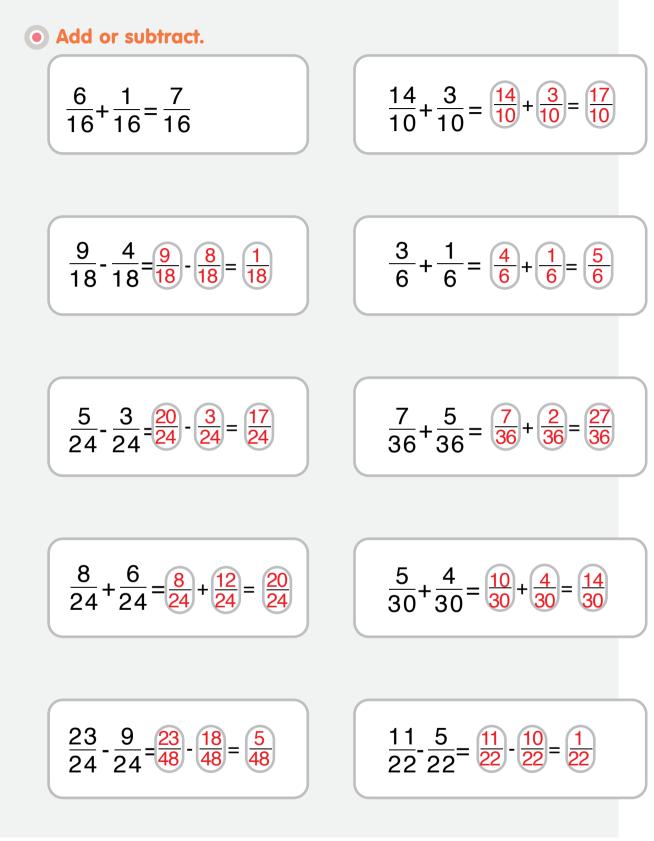
$$\frac{8}{10} + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{9}{10}$$

60



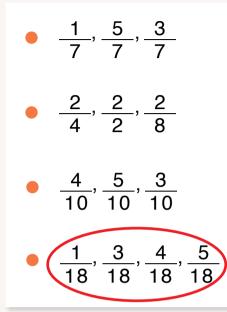
Compare the fractions and write the correct symbol in the box (>, < or =).</p>







• Which of these sets of fractions are arranged in ascending order?



• Circle the greatest fraction.

$$(\frac{3}{16}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2})$$
 $(\frac{5}{32}, \frac{5}{8}, \frac{5}{6})$

• Circle the equivalent fraction.

$$(\frac{4}{7}, \frac{13}{14})$$
 $(\frac{12}{32}, \frac{3}{8})$

• Arrange in descending order.

$$8 \frac{1}{4}, 7 \frac{1}{4}, 7 \frac{6}{9}, 8 \frac{1}{2}$$
$$\frac{9}{12}, \frac{24}{32}, \frac{2}{4}, \frac{5}{20}$$



Measurement

• Vocabulary

- Length measuring units:
- Kilometer (km)
 Meter (m)
 - Decimeter (dm) Centimeter (cm)
- Millimeter (mm)
- Perimeter
- Area
- Compound shapes

• Objectives

- Convert length measurement units.
- Calculate the perimeter of a polygon.
- Calculate the perimeter of a square, a rectangle and compound shapes.
- Use area and perimeter to solve problems.

• (4-1) Length Measuring Units

Kilometer (km)

is a length unit used to measure very large lengths; such as lands, streets and distance between cities and countries.

Meter (m)

is used to measure large lengths, such as rooms, heights and playgrounds.

Centimeter (cm)

is used to measure small lengths, such as paper, book, bag and toys.

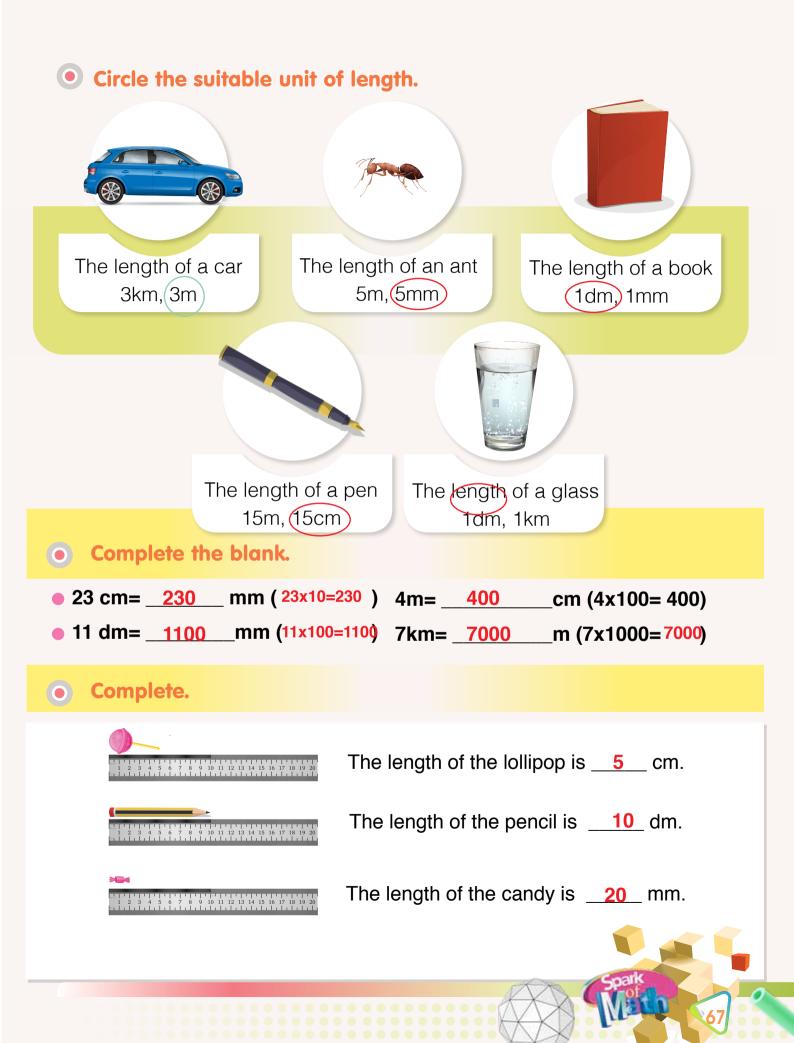
Millimeter (mm)

is used to measure very small lengths, such as insects, paper clips and rubber.

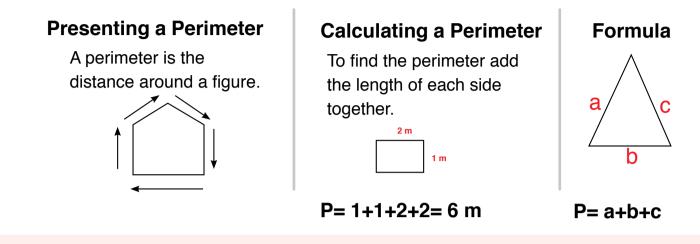
Decimeter (dm)

is a length unit that is a tenth of a meter. Therefore, 10 dm = 1 meter and is ten times a centimeter. Therefore, 10 cm = 1 dm.



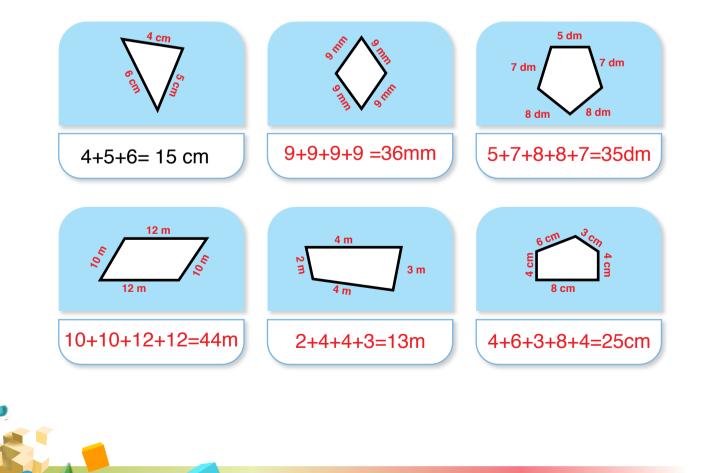




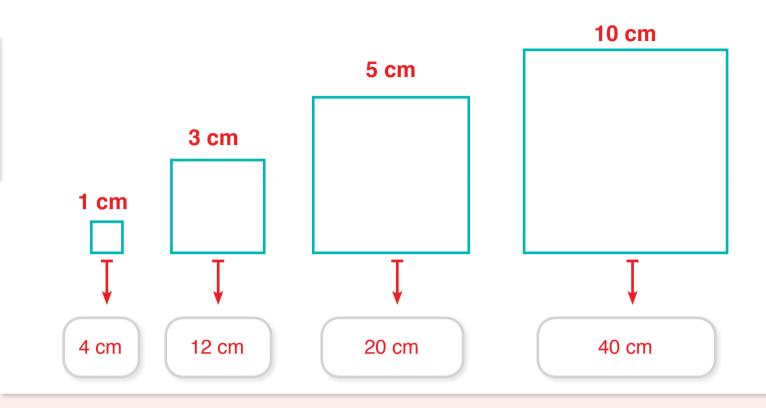


 A perimeter is measured in units of lengths such as centimeters, meters, kilometers, etc.

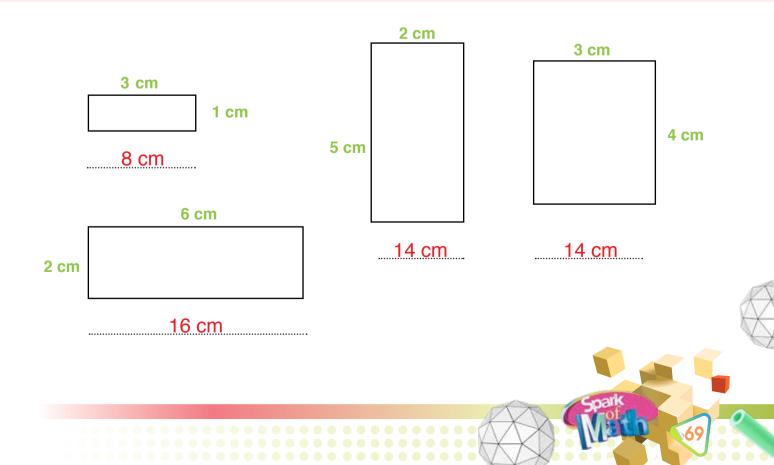
• Find the perimeter of each shape.



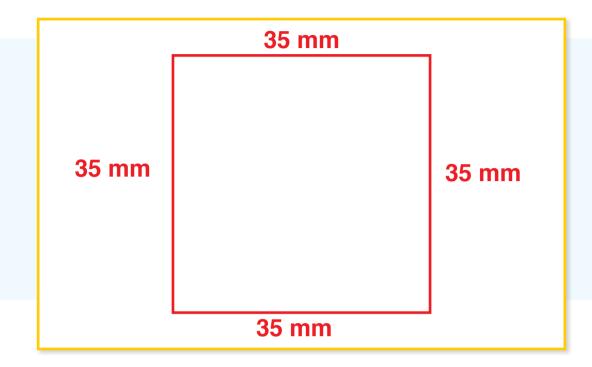
• Find the perimeter of each square.



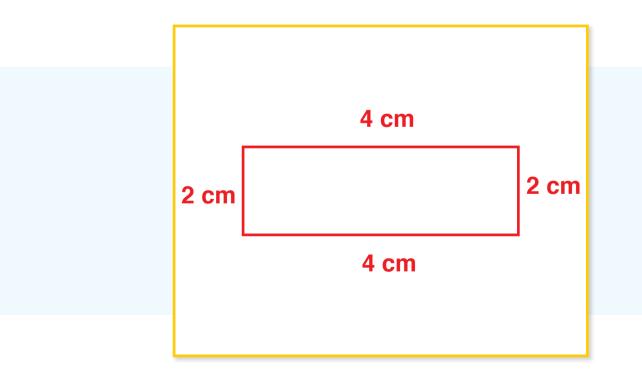
• Find the perimeter of each rectangle.



 \odot Draw a square that has a perimeter of 140 mm.

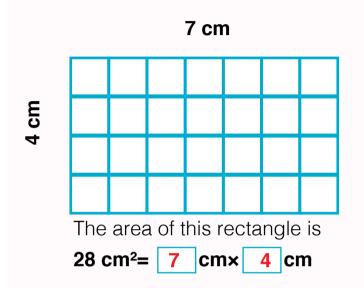


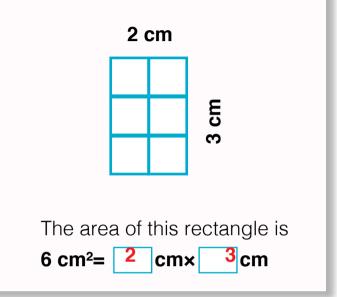
• Draw a rectangle that has a perimeter of 12 cm.

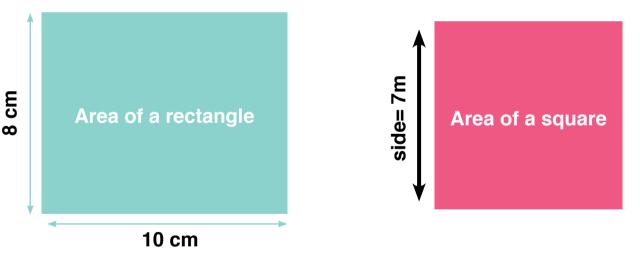


• (4-3) Measuring Area

An area is the measurement of a surface. The unit of an area is measured in units of length squared, for example cm², m²



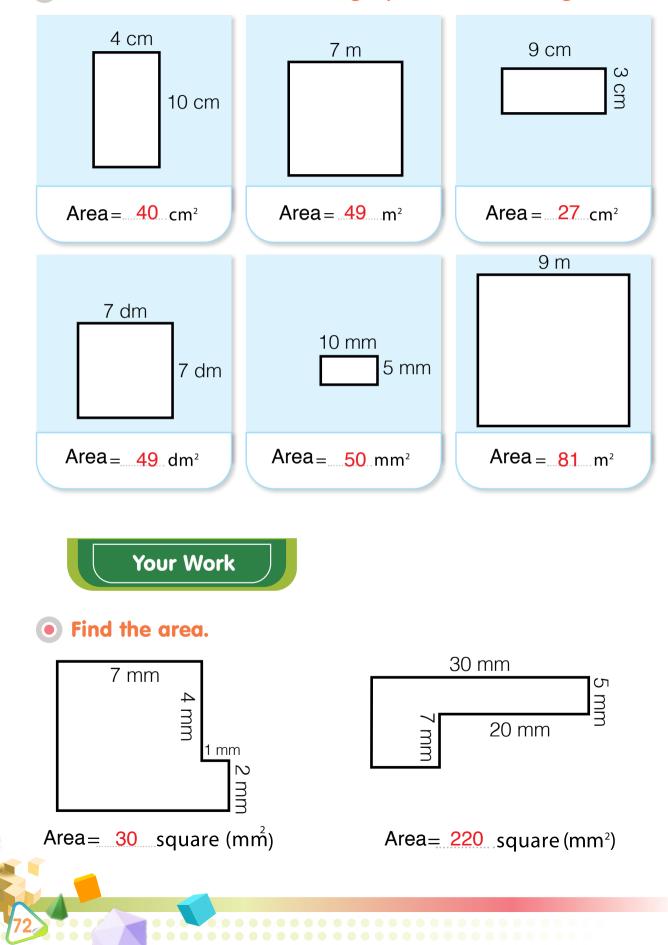




To find the area of a rectangle, use the formula area = length×width This formula is often written as A= L×W L= 10 cm W= 8 cm 10 cm×8 cm= 80 cm² The area of a square equals any of its two sides multiplied together.

 $A = S \times S$ $A = 7 \times 7$ $A = 49 \text{ cm}^2$

• Find the area of the following squares and rectangles.



Show Your Turn

• Convert to the units shown.

○ 20 m= <mark>200</mark> cm	• 49 m= <u>490</u> cm
● 67 m= <u>670</u> cm	• 89 m= <u>890</u> cm
● 13 m= <u>1300</u> mm	• 17 cm= <u>170</u> mm
● 22 m= <mark>22</mark> mm	• 31 m= <mark>310</mark> cm

Akram needs to put a photo in a frame with 15 cm length and 9 cm width. What is the length of the frame?
 15 cm



• A square field has a perimeter of 320 meters.

Find out how many meters each side is.

Perimeter= 320 m, S= ?







Geometry and Graphs



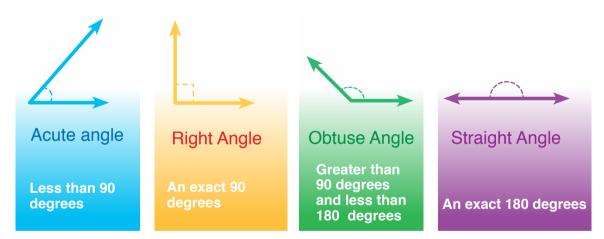
- Identify intersecting, perpendicular and parallel lines.
- Identify and estimate acute, right and obtuse angles.
- Use a protractor to measure the degree of different angles.
- Interpret information from pictographs and bar graphs.
- Make their own bar graph.

(5-1) Points and Lines

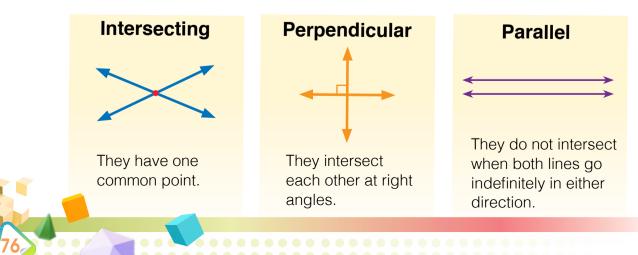
• -

	Description	Figure	Symbol
Point	A geometric element that has zero dimensions.	•	P or Point P
Line	A line is a collection of points along a straight path with no end points.	A B	AB or BA
Line segment	A line segment is a part of a line that contacts every point on the line between its end points.	x y	XY or YX
Ray	A ray is a part of a line with a single end point that goes on in one direction.	P Q	₽Q

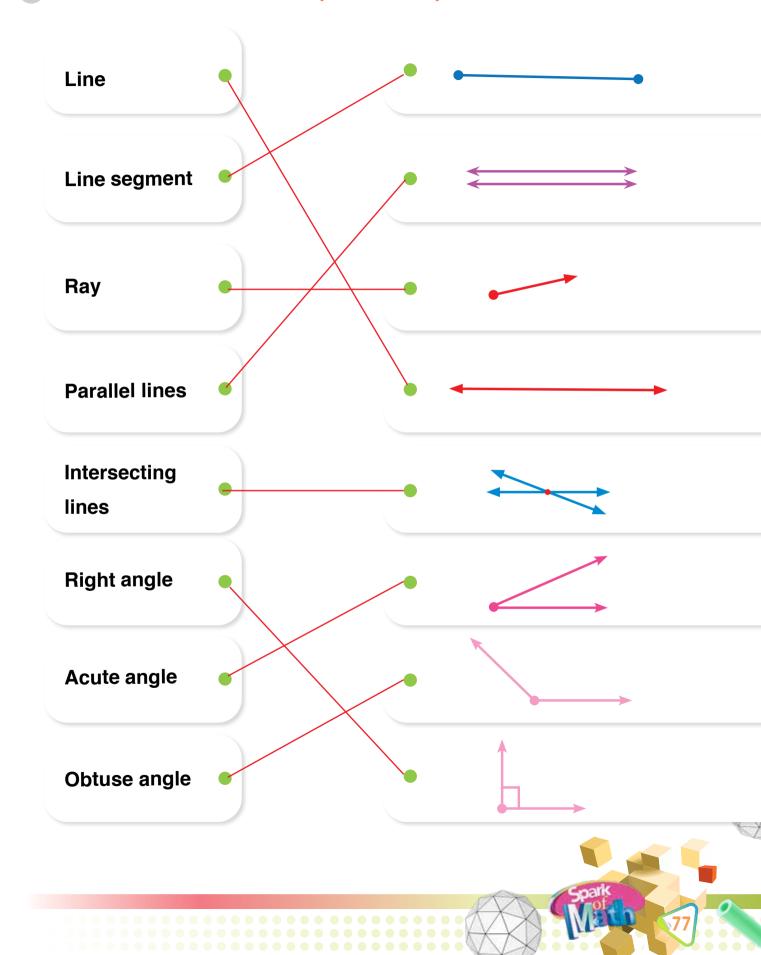
When rays intersect, they form angles.



There are three types of lines.

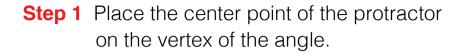


• Match each term with the picture it represents.



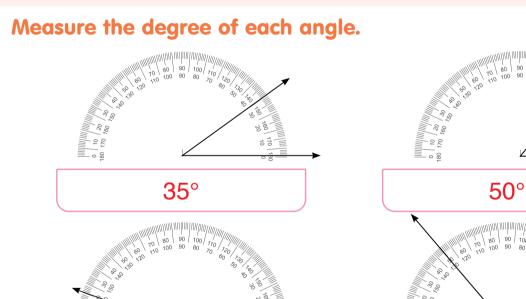
• (5-2) Measuring Angles

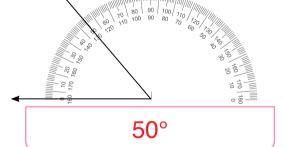
To measure angles we need a tool called a 'Protractor'.



- Step 2 Place the 0 mark on one side of the angle.
- **Step 3** Read the measure of the angle where the other side crosses the protractor, start from 0.

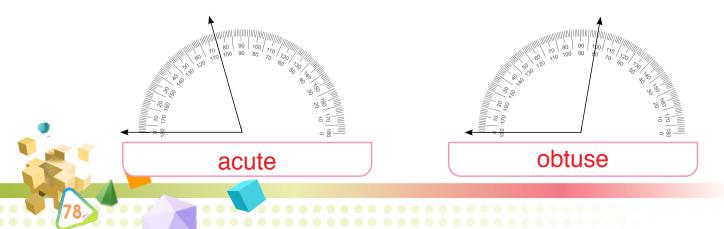
The measure of the angle is 70°.

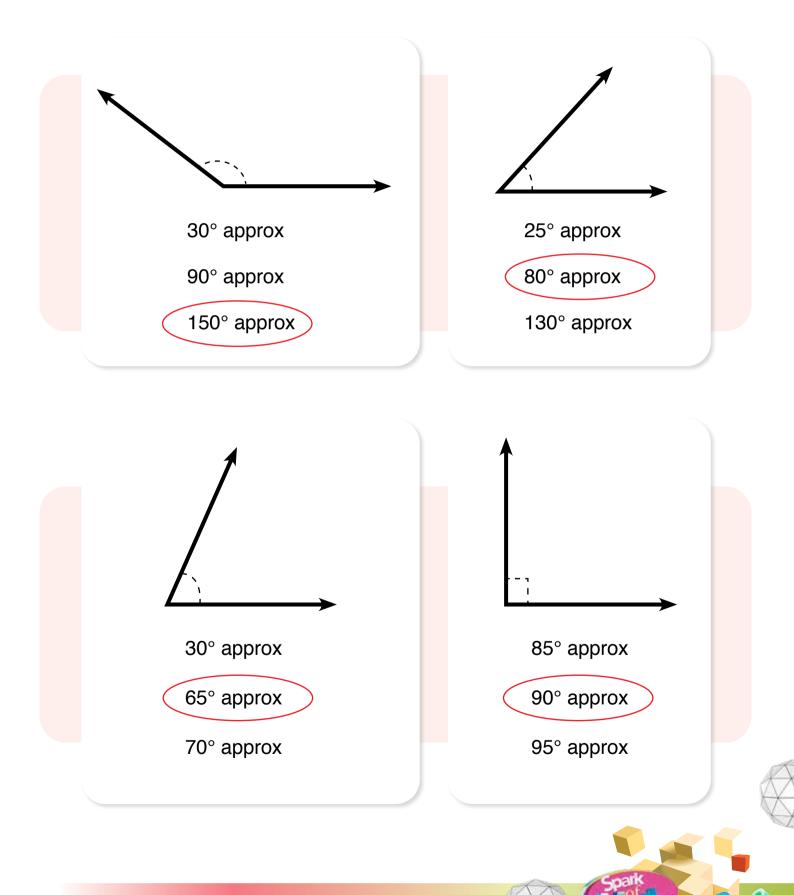




• Measure & Write whether the angles are acute or obtuse.

20°



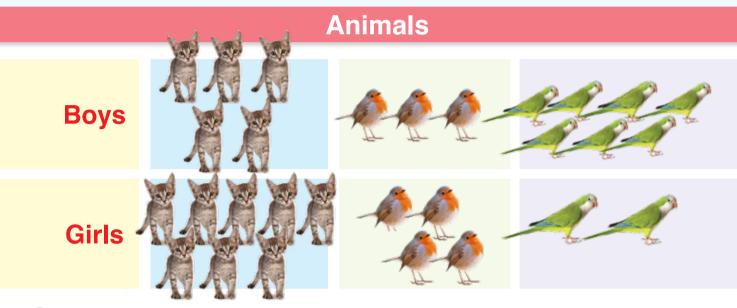


• Choose the best estimation for the measure of each angle.

(5-3) Pictographs

A Pictograph is a way of showing data using images. It makes the data easy to read. The following table shows the amount and type

of animals that a group of children in the fourth grade have.



• Circle the information you can deduct from the picture graph.

 Girls have more cats than boys. Boys have less birds than girls. Girls have two parrots. 	Yes Yes	No No No
What is the total of cats? 13		
What is the total of birds? 7		

- What is the total of birds?
- What is the total of parrots?
- How many boys are there in the class?
- What another question can you answer by looking at the picture graph?
 - Question:

Answer:

How many girls?

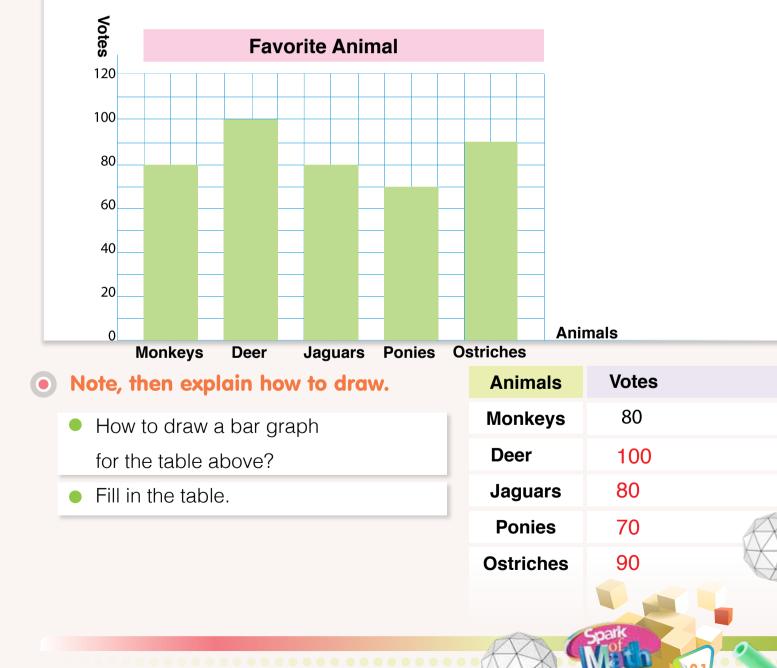
15

14

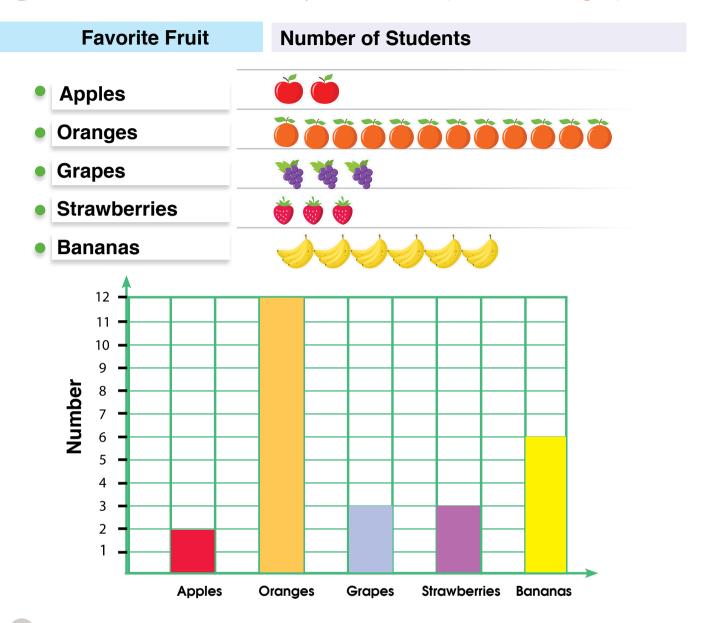
• (5-4) Bar Graphs

A bar graph is a visual representation that helps organize information easily. The information is drawn into rectangular bars with heights or lengths proportional to the values that they represent. A bar graph is also called a **bar chart.**

• The fourth grade students did a survey about the animal that they liked the most during their visit to the Ghamadan Zoo in Amman. Observe their results.



• Use the data from the tally chart to complete the bar graph.



Answer the following questions about the bar graph.

- Which is the favorite fruit for most students?
- Which is the favorite fruit with the least votes?
 - Apples
- How many students like oranges more than grapes?
 12 3 = 9
- How many students are there in total? 12

Oranaes

• Ali asked his classmates what activities they like to do after school.

Note the table then answer the questions.

Activities	Number of students
Reading	3
Playing sports	5
Watching TV	8
Drawing	4

What is the best activity for most students?

Sports

• What is the least activity for most students?

Reading

What is the total of the students?

20

8

How many students like watching TV?

How many students like drawing?

Show Your Turn -

• Conduct a survey in your classroom about each student's favorite color. Gather the data in a table, and then draw a bar graph.

Information gathering table

Bar graph representation